THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) No, Sir, (b) Does not arise.

Health Hazard Caused by Injecting Oxytocin into Cows and Buffaloes

*136. SHRI K.R. MALKANI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that Oxytocin is being injected into cows and buffaloes on a large scale, to increase their milk yield;

(b) whether Oxytocin infected milk can retard growth and cause heart, liver and kidney problems, particularly among children;

(c) if so, whether Government have taken any steps to stop injection of oxytocin in milch cattle which is a human health hazard;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) to (e) Oxytocin is injected in the case of milch cattle with problems in let down of milk. There have been some reports of misuse of oxytocin injection by farmers in dairy animals, particularly in buffaloes, at the time of milking under the erroneous impression that it increases milk production.

The drug is rapidly metabolised in the liver and the kidneys so that undetectable levels remain in circulation) and, therefore, continued presence of oxytocin in milk or beef is unlikely. Moreover, according to the information available, there are no published reports on adverse effects of milk or beef containing high amounts of oxytocin. However, the State Drug Controllers have been advised to keep a strict vigil on the manufacture and sale of oxytocin in accordance with the Drugs and Cosmetics Act in order to prevent its misuse.

National Policy for Slum Dwellers

*137. SHRI S.M. KRISHNA: Will the MINISTER OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that thousands of slum dwellers in Mumbai have become homeless following demolition of jhuggies recently;

(b) whether the Central Government have received any representation petition against such demolition; if so, the details thereof, alongwith the steps taken there on: and

(c) whether Government propose to prepare some national policy, plan or legislation for habitants of Jhungi-Jhop ries across the country: if so, the detail thereof and if not, in what manner Govenment propose to rehabilitate or create shelters for cross of slum dwellers acrosthe. country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIR AND EMPLOYMENT (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) As reported by the Maharashtra Government, demolition of hutments on 36 acres of land in Survey No. 263 at Malwani was undertaken from 13th June, 1997 to 18th June, 1997, 7000 huts were removed from this land.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) The Central Slum Areas (Improvement and Clearance) Act, 1956 extends to all Union Territories except the Union Territories of Andaman & Nicobar Islands and the Laccadives, Mincoy and Amindivi Islands, but not to the States. The National Housing Policy formulated in August, 1994 envisages the following measures to be taken by the Central and State Governments for slum development:

— avoid forcible relocation or dishousing of slum dwellers;

— encourage in-situ upgradation, slum renovation, and progressive housing development with conferment of occu pancy rights wherever feasible, and to

undertake selective relocation with community involvement only for clearance of priority sites in public interest;

— expand provisions of water supply, sanitation and other basic services in slum and other settlements occupied by the poor;

— ensure proper maintenance of amenities through community involvement and decentralised institutional arrangements;

— integrate the provision of physical amenities with basic services including maternal and child welfare services and health care, structured on community participation and involvement of voluntary agencies and management by local bodies;

— promote incremental construction and upgradation by poorer households through access to land and services through technical support, outlets for low cost technology and materials, opportunities for skill upgradation and access of housing finance on flexible terms;

— provide night shelters and sanitary facilities for the footpath dwellers and the homeless.

In addition, the National Slum Development Programme (NSDP) was launched in August, 1996 to provide additional Central assistance to the States and Union Territories for slum development. A sum of Rs. 250 crore was provided to the States/UTs under this programme in 1996-97, whereas Rs. 330 crore have been allocated during 1997-98.

Transfer of Centrally Aided Schemes to States

*138. SHRI ANANTRAY a DEVSHANKER DAVE:
SHRI BANGARU LAXMAN

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the Centrally-aided schemes which have been/are proposed to be transferred to States;

(b) whether it is a fact that the Central Government's contribution to the tune of Rs. 1500 crores is also to be placed at the disposal of State Government for its proper utilisation; and

(c) if so, the break-up of the Central contribution proposed to be given to each State, alongwith the details of various Centrally-sponsored schemes to be handled by the State Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMMES IMPLEMENTATION (SHRIMATI RATNAMALA DEHARESHWAR SAVANOOR): (a) to (c) An exercise has been done in the Planning Commission on the subject of transfer of Centrally Sponsored Schemes to the States, Schemes have been categorised into 4 distinct groups;

(i) Those to be retained as per the Approach Paper.

(ii) Those to be transferred with * pooling of resources and their distribution among States as per Gadgil formula.

(iii) Those to be transferred with earmarking to funds.

(iv) Those to be transferred in a phased manner.

The note along with the list of schemes in each category has been circulated to all concerned Central Ministries/Departments and to all State/UT governments. On receipt of their comments a revised note will be prepared for consideration of the Full Planning Commission and NDC.

Non-availability of Medicines in CGHS Dispensaries

*139 SHRI O.P. KOHLI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that even common medicines arc not available in the CGHS dispensaries in Delhi as well as outside the Capital;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor and what action Government propose to